

Proper care of oxy-acetylene cutting and welding equipment

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A member has noted a number of incidents resulting in fires caused by perished hoses and flashbacks involving oxy-acetylene cutting equipment, and has shared the following information with IMCA for use as part of a safety flash.

Flashbacks and backfires

Flashbacks are commonly caused by a reverse flow of oxygen into the fuel gas hose (or fuel into the oxygen hose), producing an explosive mixture within the hose. The flame can then burn back through the torch, into the hose and may even reach the regulator and the cylinder. Flashbacks can result in damage or destruction of equipment, and could even cause the cylinder to explode.

The following precautions will help to prevent flashbacks:

- Use the correct lighting-up procedure.
- Purge the hoses before lighting the torch to remove any potentially explosive gas mixtures.
- Ensure the cutting torch is fitted with spring-loaded non-return valves.
- Use the correct gas pressures and nozzle size for the job.
- Maintain the equipment in good condition.

These measures will reduce the risk of a flashback but will not completely eliminate it. Non-return valves will not stop a flashback once it has occurred.

Protecting cylinders from flashbacks:

- Fit flashback arresters to both the oxygen and fuel gas hoses near to the regulators.
- For long lengths of hose, fit arresters on both the torch and the regulator.
- The fitting of a flashback arrester is not a substitute for safe working practice. If a flashback has occurred, carefully check for damage to the torch, hoses, regulators, flashback arresters and other components. Replace parts if needed.

Equipment checks

- Use a proprietary leak detecting spray or solution suitable for use with oxy/fuel systems. Do not use soapy water or solutions containing grease or oils on oxygen systems.
- Repair or replace leaking components immediately.
- Remove damaged or leaking sections of hose, do not attempt to repair.

- Refit hose tails using crimp clips designed for that task.
- Do not use screw tightened crimps (jubilee clips). Their use may increase the risk of leaks due to the potential for over/under-tightening.
- Inspect all sub-contractor or third-party welding and cutting equipment before use, to ensure:
 - hoses are not perished or leaking
 - flashback arresters are fitted at both the gauge and torch ends
 - correct hose crimps are used at all fittings
 - equipment is leak tested
 - gauges are serviceable
 - all fittings are free from oil and grease contaminants
 - ensure thread tape is not used on any connections
 - a cylinder key is in place on acetylene cylinders
 - cylinders are securely stored upright in a ventilated space
 - bulk gas storage is properly separated.

IMCA Safety Flashes summarise key safety matters and incidents, allowing lessons to be more easily learnt for the benefit of the entire offshore industry.

The effectiveness of the IMCA Safety Flash system depends on the industry sharing information and so avoiding repeat incidents. Incidents are classified according to IOGP's Life Saving Rules.

All information is anonymised or sanitised, as appropriate, and warnings for graphic content included where possible.

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